

GENT



FACULTEIT RECHTSGELEERDHEID

DEECP Project Dimensions of Evidence in European Civil Procedure 'Experts'

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Terminology

→expert witness (common law jurisdictions)

→ expert (civil law jurisdictions)

- \rightarrow court-appointed
- → appointed by the parties (private expert)





Decision to appoint an expert

- \rightarrow ex officio by the court
- \rightarrow at the request of the parties
- A necessary for the proper determination or clarification of a fact / special knowledge in science, technology, art or another field which the court does not have

Which expert?

- \rightarrow natural person or institution
- →decided by the court, parties can make (non-binding)
 recommendations
- \rightarrow lists of experts (!)



Written/oral opinion

- \rightarrow written opinion
- → expert can always be heard, at the request of the parties or the court

Private expert reports

- → possible, but regarded as one of the arguments of the parties
- → private expert is not a court-appointed expert





Expert's fees and costs

- →paid in advance by the party requesting the appointment or who has the burden of proof
- →party who loses in the end has to pay the expert costs
- → many specific rules in many countries
 Evaluation expert opinion
- → free assessment principle
- → in case of obscure, incomplete or insufficient report, new expert can be appointed