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 influence of the freedom to provide services in the area of health care also affects other freedoms and different specific areas such as freedom of movement of workers and members of their families

- social rights in connection with workers demand for health care benefits from other MS
- importance of the coordination of laws through different procedures (open methods of coordination)

Internanationalisation, globalisation, free flow of capital, workers mobility and enterpreneurship have raised new issues regarding health care services

- 1/ Question of boundaries to which health care insurers are ready to open to the market, reimbursement of the cost for the services received in another MS!
- 2/ Question of physicians freedom to provide services, free movement of pharmaceuticals and medical tehnical appliances, cross border competition of private providers of health care insurance





specific framework for cross-border healthcare:

- the entitlements of patients to have healthcare in another MS, including the limits that MS can place on such healthcare abroad, and the level of financial coverage that is provided for cross-border healthcare, based on the principle that patients are entitled to obtain reimbursement up to the amount that would have been paid if they had obtained that treatment at home / in favorem of the Internal Market

THE ECJ CASE LAW:

The right to reimbursement of the costs of healthcare provided in another MS from the statutory social security scheme of patients as insured persons was recognised by the ECJ in several judgements:

- -Case C-158/96 Kohll [1998] ECR I-1931
- -Case C-120/95 *Decker* [1998] ECR I-1831
- -Case C-368/98 Vanbraekel [2001] ECR I-5363
- -Case C-157/99 Smits and Peerbooms [2001] ECR I-5473
- Case C-385/99 Müller-Fauré and Van Riet [2003] ECR I-4503
- Case C-372/04 Watts [2006] ECR I-4325

The newest

- Case C-173/09 *Elchinov* [2010] ECR I-0000 - confirmed all the previous case law





• as regards *hospital care*, the ECJ has recognized that it cannot be excluded that the possible risk of seriously undermining a social security system's financial balance or the objective of maintaining a balanced medical and hospital service open to all may constitute overriding reasons in the general interest capable of justifying a barrier to the principle of freedom to provide services.



- Regulation 1408/71 on the application of social security schemes to employed persons and their families moving within the community
- Regulation 883/2004 on the coordination of the social security scheme
- Regulation 987/2009 laying down the procedure for implementing Regulation 883/2004
- Directive 2011/24 on the application of patients' rights in cross-border healthcare



Directive 2011/24

 it is necessary to address issues in the Directive related to the reimbursement of the cost of healthcare provided in other MS in order to facilitate the right to provide and obtain health services – ensuring the legal certainty

DIRECTIVE 2011/24/EU OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 9 March 2011 on the application of patients' rights in cross-border healthcare

- Directive aims to establish rules for facilitating access to safe and high-quality cross-border healthcare in the EU and to ensure patient mobility in accordance with the principles established by the ECJ and to promote cooperation on healthcare between MS











• For the purpose of reimbursing the costs of crossborder healthcare, Directive should cover not only the situation where the patient is provided with healthcare in a MS other than the MS of affiliation, but also the prescription, dispensation and provision of medicinal products and medical devices where these are provided in the context of a health service.

• The definition of cross-border healthcare should cover both the situation in which a patient purchases such medicinal products and medical devices in a MS other than the MS of affiliation and the situation in which the patient purchases such medicinal products and medical devices in another MS than that in which the prescription was issued



